Trade in a Long Country

Teacher and School not available

Grade Level (Req.): 7th-12th	Content Area (Ro	eq.): Geography	Unit (Opt.):
grade			
Connections to Other Disciplines	(Opt.):		
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Time Frame (Req.): 2 class	Goal (Req.): Students will understand how people adapt to where		
periods they live and what resources are available to the		available to them.	
	Objective (Req.): Students will identify ways in which people of Chile		
	have adapted to	life in each of the	four regions. Students will analyze
	the relationship	of physical featur	es on trade in the U.S. and
	Iowa/Minnesota		
Materials Needed (Req.):		New Vocabulary	/ (Opt.):
 Internet access 		•	
 Regions chart 		•	
 Laminated pictures of products and terms 		•	
from each region – needs to be made		•	
 Outline map of Chile and its four regions 		•	
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		. 12 (5)	

Anticipatory Set/Introduction [Inquiry Question is required] (Req.): How do people in one environment make a living and get what they need from another environment? Have students list all of the things we have to import to our part of the country that we cannot grow ourselves, mainly because of climate. Students can mention things like oranges, pineapples, grapes, rice... etc.

Instructional Sequence/Procedure (Req.):

- 1. Have students research and learn about the Four Regions of Chile.
- 2. Have students fill in the attached chart based on researching the four main regions of Chile using the following sites: http://www.lib.utexas.edu/maps/americas/chile_econ_1972.jpg; http://countrystudies.us/chile/37.htm; http://worldfacts.us/Chile-geography.htm
- 3. Have students show that they know the four regions of Chile by placing the laminated products and terms in the correct region. Students may then have a discussion about how the regions get what they don't have from other regions and practice trading items they need or can sell to other regions. A) Project or draw an outline map of Chile and its four regions on your wall or whiteboard a SMARTboard would also work with this activity, however, instead of students making the zones, teachers can have the symbols in a SMART lesson and have students move the pictures/terms into the correct zone on an outline map of Chile's regions. (I prefer to have students be more actively involved.) Have students "build" Chile with chairs and tables so that you have four latitude zones (levels) represented. B) Laminate Clipart or photos of the products and characteristics of each zone. C) Have 12 volunteers "become" the land for each of the regions by standing or sitting in the correct location. D) Randomly distribute key terms and pictures from each zone to the remaining students and have them, either individually or with

	partner help, give the laminated symbol/term to the correct zone. E) After all pictures and terms have made it to the correct zones, facilitate a discussion. ASK: Are there zones that might not have what they need? If so, what? Why? How could each zone get what it needs and also how could people in each zone make a living? What businesses might be successful in each zone? Does our country/state have a similar situation? If so, how? Why?			
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	ive Evaluation (Req.): Participation,	Assessment (Req.): Have students design a travel		
discussi	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
uiscuss	1011	poster for their region of choice. The poster should		
		include a physical feature, the climate, a product		
		the region is known for, an economic activity and		
		an original motto for the region.		
Iowa Co	ore Curriculum Standards Used (Req.):			
•	Geography, grade 9-12: Understand the use			
	information about people, places, and enviro	onments.		
•	Geography, grade 9-12: Understand how hu	man factors and the distribution of resources affect		
	the development society and the movement	of populations.		
•	Geography, grade 9-12: Understand how phy	ysical processes and human actions modify the		
	environment and how the environment affe	,		
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Commo	on Core Curriculum Standards Used (Opt.):			
•	Speaking and Listening, grade 6-12: Engage 6	effectively in a range of collaborative discussions		
		n diverse partners on specific grade level topics,		
		nd expressing their own clearly and persuasively.		
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NCC C:	andoude Head (Dem.):			
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• How to use maps and other geographic representations, tools, and technologies to acquire,

process, and report information from a spatThe characteristics, distribution, and migrati	on of human population on Earth's surface
 How human actions modify the physical env 	
 How physical systems affect human systems 	
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Five Themes of Geography Used (Req.):	School District Standards and Benchmarks (Opt.):
• Place	•
Human-Environmental Interaction	•
Movement	•
Region	
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21 st Century Universal Constructs (Opt.): Creativity, (Collaboration
Other Disciplinary Standards (Opt.):	
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Other Essential Information (Opt.):	
Other Resources (Opt.):	
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Copper
Silver
Nitrate
Desert
Fish
Arica
Antofagasta
Olives
Andean plateau (altiplano)
Santiago
Valparaiso
Concepcion
Mediterranean climate
Great skiing in Andes
Central Valley
Grapes
Apples
Peaches
Berries
Wine
SOUTH: Pulp, lumber, Old growth forest in south (wetter)-forestry

COLTU	Hundreds of rivers
SOUTH	Beautiful Lakes
(I A VEC	Whitewater
(LAKES REGION)	Ferns
	Old-growth forests
	Wild flowers
	Pastures in north—cattle, cheese, milk, butter
	Trout, salmon
	heumul, a large deer, and the Chilean condor, pumas
FAR SOUTH	Cape Horn
	Fjords
(PATAGONIA)	Archipelagos
	Heavily forested
	Punta Arenas-southernmost city
	Sheep
	Oil
	Natural gas
	Strait of Magellan